Numb. LVI.

THE

# Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

*Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.*

From Thurſday, December 4. to Tueſday, December 9. 1729.

## BOSTON, November 24. 1729.

*The SPEECH of the Honourable* William Dummer, *Eſq; Lieutenant Governour and Commander in Chief in and over His Majeſty's Province of the* Maſſacuſetts-Bay *in* New-England: *To the General Aſſembly of the ſaid Province now Sitting in* Boſton.

*GENTLEMEN,*

'HAVING once more an Opportunity, I can't forbear to remind you of the KING's Inſtructions for fixing a Salary on the Governour or Commander in Chief of this Province; ſince there is Hope that if it be now done, the Matter may be prevented from coming into Parliament, the Seſſions of late Years not being earlier than about the middle of *January*. I doubt not but there are ſome amongſt us who will impute it to a Concern for my own Intereſt that I again inſiſt on this Affair; but I aſſure you that for my part, I can chearfully depend on His Majeſty for the recompence of my Services; and let the conſequence be what it will, I ſhall always enjoy the Approbation of my own Heart in having done my Duty to my King and Country. Nevertheleſs I cannot but earneſtly deſire to ſee this Province reſtored to His Majeſty's Favour, which I ſhall ever think to be of very high Importance to us. It's our great Felicity to be under the beſt of Kings, who neither expects nor deſires any thing from us, but what is entirely conſiſtent with the Priviledges of the *Britiſh* Conſtitution, and that tends to our own Peace and Proſperity: And may this People never be wanting in ſuitable Returns of Duty and Loyalty.

'The miſerable State into which our Bills of Credit are ſunk, to the great Reproach of the Government, calls for our united and ſpeedy endeavours to preſerve them from growing worſe, and if poſſible to reſtore them to that Value as to anſwer their denomination: And you'll do well to conſider how far the Legiſlature is chargeable with the Guilt of that Oppreſſion which Widows, Orphans, Miniſters and other People, that have not the Remedy in their own Power, are daily ſuffering by their falling below it to ſo ſhameful a degree in the Purchaſe of all the Neceſſaries of Life: If you can think of any Expedients for delivering the People of this Province from this Calamity, my beſt Endeavours ſhall not be wanting, ſo far as may conſiſt with His Majeſty's Inſtructions.

*November* 19. 1729. *W. DUMMER.*

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

*From the* Craftſman, *Aug.* 30.

We have not yet received any further Account of the Negotiations of the Congreſs, nor of the Treaty in Agitation; but the Affair of *Mecklembergh* ſeems to be drawing to a Criſis, his *Pruſſian* Majeſty having cauſed a large Body of Troops to be drawn together on the Frontiers of that Dutchy, with a Deſign, as it is apprehended, to take Poſſeſſion of it; upon which his *Britannick* Majeſty hath iſſued his Orders to all his *Hanoverian* Troops, as well as Thoſe of *Heſſe* and *Wolfenbuttle*, which are in *Britiſh* Pay, to get themſelves in a Readineſs to march upon the firſt Notice. His Majeſty hath alſo ſent to the King of *France* and the *States-General*, to deſire their Aſſiſtance; the *former* of whom hath order'd Mr. *Sauveterre*, his Miniſter at the Court of *Berlin*, to acquaint the King of *Pruſſia* that his moſt *Chriſtian* Majeſty ſhall be obliged, as Guarantee to the Treaty of of *Weſtphalia* and others ſince made, to prevent any Attempt to diſturb the Peace of the Circles of *lower Germany*. The *States-General* have likewiſe reſolved to write a Letter to the King of *Pruſſia*, to diſuade Him from all Military Proceedings, and to aſſiſt his *Britannick* Majeſty in Caſe of Need; who according to ſome Accounts, deſigns to take ſome more *German* Troops into his Service; but it is hoped that the Repreſentations of our *French* and *Dutch* Allies will prevail with his *Pruſſian* Majeſty to deſiſt from this Enterprize, which may otherwiſe involve *Great Britain* in a general War about an Affair, *in which we have little or no Concern.*

*From*

*From the* Craftſman, *Sept.* 6.

It hath been reported and inſerted in the *Daily Papers*, ſince our laſt, that a Meſſenger was arrived rrom *Hanover*, with the good News that all Differences between their *Britannick* and *Pruſſian* Majeſties were in a fair Way of Accomodation, both Parties having agreed upon *Mediators* and a Place of *Congreſs*; but nothing of this having been publiſh'd in the *Gazette* of *Tueſday* laſt, We are in ſome Doubt of the Truth of it; eſpecially ſince we have received freſh Advices, that the Troops of the *Northern Powers* continue in Motion. However, we hope to hear this News ſpeedily confirmed.

*Dublin*, *Aug.* 2. We have an Account from Cork, of the 20th paſt, of a moſt melancholly Paſſage, *viz.* One Mr. Spread, of Ballycannon, a young Gentleman of our College, after many Attempts on his Life, at length compleated his Deſign, by hanging himſelf in the Girdle of his Night-Gown, at his Brother's Houſe, where he had come for the Air, this laſt Vacation. His Deſpair, ſome ſay, was occaſioned by ſome Rebukes given by his Relations, on account of his Addreſſes to a young Lady, whoſe Alliance or Behaviour they diſliked.

The Duke of Florence has wrote a third Letter to the Emperor, deſiring his Aſſiſtance againſt the Spaniſh Troops being ſent into Italy.

An exact Liſt of the Ruſſian Forces is come in, which amount to 350000 fighting Men, 200000 of them Foot, 10000 Horſe, and 140000 Coſſacks and Tartars.

The Emperor, it ſeems, reſolves to oppoſe the Entry of Don Carlos into Italy.

*London*, *Auguſt* 16. The Ropemakers in moſt if not all of his Majeſty's Yards, have voluntarily declin'd Working: The Reaſon aſſign'd by them, is the Number of Apprentices taken to learn their Buſineſs by the Officers and Clerks of the ſeveral Yards, who are themſelves unable to teach them.

Sunday Night a Poulterer at Mile-End, took up a Knife and offered to ſtab his Wife, but happening to ſtrike againſt ſome Money ſhe had in her Boſom, luckily prevented any farther Miſchief.

*Auguſt* 23. On Tueſday Morning a Taylor's Wife in Long-Acre, being light-headed in a Fever, jump'd from a back Window three Stories high into a two-pair of Stairs Window which was open in the next Houſe, about two Yards diſtant from her; ſhe was very much cut and bruized with the Fall, but is likely to recover.

On Saturday laſt, one Edward Southurſt of Lamberherſt Pariſh in Surrey, who had received upwards of Twelve Pounds for Hops at Lewis in Suſſex, was found in a dry Ditch, robb'd and murder'd.

We hear from Oxford, that Mr. Bowell, a young Attorney of that Place, returning from London on Saturday Night laſt, had ſome Difference with his Friends, upon which he ſhot himſelf in the Breaſt with a Piſtol he had in his Pocket, and died on Sunday Evening.

*Auguſt* 30. On Tueſday laſt, one John Baker was committed to Aylesbury Goal for robbing (with one Accomplice) Mr. Eldridge, a Grazier in Beconsfield Lane, of forty-one Guineas and a Watch; he was taken at Chalfont Saint Peter's, two Hours after the Robbery, but his Accomplice made his Eſcape.

The Friendſhip, Timothy Mac Daniel, bound from Curaſao to Gibraltar, was lately taken by a Spaniſh Privateer, and carried into the Havana.

On Wedneſday laſt, ſixty Carriages for Cannon were carried from the Tower to Woolwich, to be fitted up with Iron-Work at that Place, in order to their being ſhipp'd off for Port Mahone and Gibraltar.

We have an Account from Monhera and Balmachi in the North of Ireland, that a raging Fever makes a great Havock in thoſe Parts, and daily ſpreads further in the Country: The Diſtemper begins in the Head with a Kind of Sleepineſs and Sneezing, and the Perſons ſeized with it generally die in about nine or ten Days time, in a miſerable Condition.

Laſt Week ſome Workmen who were at Work on the New Bridge at Fulham, by Accident let a large Piece of Timber fall into the River, which happening to light upon a Boat that was paſſing thro' the Lock at the ſame Time, ſtruck the Head of the Boat ſhort off, and ſplit it quite thro' the Middle; but the Lives of the ſix Men that were in it were ſaved by two Watermen, who, ſeeing their Diſtreſs, went immediately with their Boat to aſſiſt them.

On Monday laſt a young Woman of about 25, Wife to a Perſon of above Fourſcore Years of Age, in Eſſex-ſtreet, died in Child-bed.

This Week two young Fellows, Taylors, near Hungerford Market, who made Love to the ſame young Damſel, (ſhe not knowing which to chuſe) reſolved to decide the Affair by ſingle Combat; accordingly they went into the Fields, attended by a great Crowd of Spectators, and fought Manfully, 'till at length one of them was beat, and it is ſuppoſed the other will be married; ſo that it is a Diſpute which gets the Worſt of it.

*Extract of a Letter from* Jamaica *to a Merchant at* London, *dated* June 11. "Of all his Majeſty's Dominions none hath "lain under ſo many Misfortunes, for a Courſe of many "Years paſt, as this unhappy Iſland ----- For a very long "Time ſince the *Spaniards*, by their *Guard le Coaſt Veſſels*, "(as they call them) have taken, and do ſtill take and "make Prize of all the *Britiſh* Ships they meet and can "maſter, trading to and from hence, without any Redreſs "or Remedy on our Parts; making *conſtant War on us*, "while we are forced to be at *conſtant Peace with them*, for "want of *Letters of Reprizal*, which would ſoon put an End "to theſe Depredations.

"Two *Hurricanes*, within a ſhort Time of one another, "have deſtroy'd and laid waſte many of our Works and "Plantations.

"The *Law*, appointing our *municipal Laws*, being expired ſome Years ago, we could not get it renewed a long "Time; ſo that the Courts of Juſtice in the mean Time "ſtood ſtill; no Man could recover a juſt Debt, and *Property* "was in a manner loſt among us.

"And as Evils ſeldom come alone, *Hoſier*'s Fleet, having loſt great Numbers of their Seamen, came here to "*recruit*; and, in defiance of an Act of Parliament, which "forbids preſſing in the *Weſt-Indies*, took away from their "Families, or frighted away from off the Iſland almoſt all "the Sea-faring Men reſiding here, by which the Number "of our Inhabitants was greatly leſſen'd, as well as thoſe of "the Merchant Ships which were loading the Produce of "this Iſland; whereby the ſaid Ships were ſo long delay'd, "for want of Hands, that the *European Markets*, were fully "ſupplied by others, before our Sugars could get home "that Year.

"In Addition to all theſe Misfortunes, on Notice receilately from *England* by our Governour of an intended Inva"ſion from the *Spaniards of Cuba*, to be made on the North "Side of this Iſland, *Martial Law* was proclaimed the "beginning of *April*, in the very height of our Crop; ſo "that all Buſineſs ceaſed; the Courts of Juſtice were again "ſuppreſs'd; diverſe Ships then loaden and ready to ſail "have been *Embargo'd* till the 2d of this Inſtant *June* for "near Nine Weeks, before they were ſuffered to depart; "whereby the *Sugar Market* is again loſt this Year alſo; "no Debts can be recovered; the Bottoms of ſome of our "Ships are deſtroyed by the *Worm*, and their Voyages ru"ined by the Loſs of Time and Wages. But what is far"ther extraordinary, the *Embargo* is to be renewed again "to Morrow, being the 12th of *June*, and not to be taken "off till farther Advices or Orders are ſent from *England*; "tho' by our Accounts from *Cuba* there is not now, nor "was there before any Deſign or Intention of any *Invaſion* "or *Attempt* from that Place, as we can learn, or from "any other Part of the World.

"It is very remarkable, that though an *Embargo* is laid "on our Merchantmen, *three Men of War* have come away "ſince this *Embargo*, and another, as we are told, is to "come ten Days after, which are of much greater Service "and Security to the Iſland, in Caſe of any ſuch *Invaſion*, "than all the *Merchantmen* trading to *London* or *Briſtol*, put "together.

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WE have in ſeveral late Papers given our Readers ſome Account of the Extortions and Cruelties exerciſed by *Huggins* and *Bambridge*, late Wardens of the *Fleet* Priſon, which were laid before the Parliament by the *Committee appointed to enquire into the State of the Goals*; and we are glad to obſerve, that thoſe Papers have been more generally entertaining than ſome others which were only fill'd with Paragraphs of common Foreign Occurrences. Indeed, what can more nearly affect the Hearts of thoſe that have any the leaſt Share of Humanity and Compaſſion, than to

ſee

ſee Numbers of honeſt but unhappy Men, guilty of no Crime, unleſs being unfortunate may be call'd a Crime; yet dragg'd into noiſome Dungeons, tortured with cruel Irons, and even unmercifully *ſtarv'd* to Death, in the Heart of a Plentiful City, in the midſt of a Country fam'd for Juſtice and Liberty, and at the Pleaſure of one wretched petty Tyrant, a vile, mean-ſpirited, pitileſs Villain, only diſtinguiſhed from others by his unparallel'd Wickedneſs and Barbarity: I ſay, what can be more affecting than ſuch a Proſpect as this; if perhaps the Joy be not more affecting, when we ſee ſuch uncommon Wrongs and Injuries enquir'd into and redreſs'd, and the infamous Actors brought to condign Puniſhment.

As we find a general Curioſity among our Readers, to know what afterwards became of the aforemention'd Wardens *Huggins* and *Bambridge*, we would endeavour to give them what Satisfaction we can on that Head; and accordingly ask Leave of thoſe Few who have already had the Peruſal of the Engliſh Prints from which theſe Accounts are extracted, to fill Part of the Remainder of this Paper with what we find relating to their Proſecution and Trials, *&c.*

On the 20th of *March*, the Parliament having heard the Report of the Committee twice read, ordered that the ſaid *Huggins* and *Bambridge*, with all their Accomplices, ſhould be committed to cloſe Confinement in His Majeſty's Goal of *Newgate*, and that Mr. Speaker ſhould iſſue his Warrants accordingly.

*From the* London Journal, May 24.

On Thurſday Morning, between Nine and Ten, came on the Trial of *J. Huggins* Eſq; late Warden of the *Fleet*, at the Seſſions in the Old Baily, before the London Jury, for the Murder of Mr. *Arne*, a Priſoner for Debt there, by confining him in a Place in the ſaid Goal, where all the Excrements and Naſtineſs run thro', in the Month of Sept. 1725, where he lingred for about ſix Weeks, and then died. The Trial held twelve Hours, when the Jury withdrew, and after about two Hours Stay returned, and brought in their Verdict Special; but being directed by the Court to ſtate the Facts in Writing as they thought to be Special, they withdrew again and returned in about a Quarter of an Hour with their Verdict in Writing, which was as follows, viz. 'We whoſe Names are under-mentioned, as Jury-Men in the Cauſe between his Majeſty and *J. Huggins* Eſq; relating to the Murder of Mr. *Arne*, do agree, that according to the Evidence we have heard, we believe the ſaid *John Huggins* Eſq; to be Guilty as Acceſſary to the ſaid Murder, without Malice or aforethought;" but that not being ſatisfactory to the Court either to convict or acquit the Priſoner, about three of the Clock this Morning the Court broke up, with a Special Verdict, and it was left to the Determination of the Twelve Judges.

On Friday Morning between 11 and 12 o' Clock, *Thomas Bambridge*, indicted for the Murder of Mr. *Robert Caſtell*, having prayed to come upon his Trial, was allowed ſo to do. The ſame Council and Solicitors who had attended on Behalf of the King in the former Trial, notwithſtanding they had paſſed the whole Night therein, were forced to attend the Trial of the ſaid *Tho. Bambridge*. One of the firſt Evidence examined on Behalf of the King was *Richard Corbett*, who keeps a publick Spunging-Houſe, and was Tipſtaff to *Thomas Bambridge*, and his Agent upon many Occaſions not here to be mentioned; he ſwore ſo ſtrongly in his Maſter's Defence, as did *John Savage* and others, ſo different from their former Examinations upon Oath, that the ſaid *Thomas Bambridge* was acquitted; and we hear *Savage* and others will be proſecuted for Perjury.

On Saturday, *June* 7. Mr. *Bambridge* was brought from Newgate to the King's-Bench-Bar at Weſtminſter, where the ſeveral Matters wherewith he was charged were read, *viz.* 1. A Commitment by the Honourable Houſe of Commons for many Barbarities in the Execution of his Office as Warden of the Fleet. 2. An Indictment for the Murder of Mr. *Caſtell*. 3. A Charge of Felony, upon Oath, for ſtealing Goods to the Value of 27 *l.* the Property of *Eliz. Sparkes*. His Council moved he might be admitted to Bail, (eight ſufficient Perſons being ready for that Purpoſe) for that the 1ſt Commitment expired with the Seſſions of Parliament: That he had been acquitted of the 2d upon a fair Trial: And as to the 3d, that there was no Bill of Indictment either found or offered to the Grand Jury thereupon. And more eſpecially it was reaſonable he ſhould be bailed, becauſe a late Act of Parliament obliged him *forthwith* to deliver perfect Liſts of all the Priſoners in the *Fleet*, which it was impoſſible for him to do without Liberty to go to the *Fleet* to inſpect the Books and examine the Officers there. But the Court were of Opinion that theſe Reaſons were not ſufficient to admit him to Bail, the Crime he was charged with being Capital, and one of the King's Evidences being out of the Way the laſt Day of the Seſſions at the Old Bailey, and the Court there having ordered his Detainer until next Seſſions. The Court alſo declared their Opinion, that in Caſe he complied with the Act in delivering the ſaid Liſts, to the utmoſt of his Power, he would be in no wiſe liable to the Penalties thereof. And then he was remanded back to *Newgate*.

On Monday, *June* 23. came on at the Exchequer Court before the Lord Chief Baron Pengelly, a Trial between His Majeſty and *John Huggins* Eſq; for the Eſcape of *David Boyce*, late of the Iſle of Wight, Merchant, who was under Execution at His Majeſty's Suit for 9500 *l.* The Council for the King were Mr. Attorney and Mr. Solicitor-General, Mr. Serjeant Cheſhire, Mr. Bootle, Mr. Fazakerley, *&c.* the Council for *J. Huggins* Eſq; were Mr. Serjeant Darnel, Mr. Serjeant Eyre, Mr. Strange, *&c.* It appeared by the Evidence that *John Bouch*, who was the Turnkey at that Time, let Mr. *Boyce* out unknown to Mr. *Huggins*, and that he had a Guinea of Mr. *Boyce* for that Piece of Civility; but ſome Points of Law ariſing, the Jury agreed upon a Special Verdict, which was not ſettled by the Council until about Eleven at Night.

On Saturday Morning, *July* 12. *Thomas Bambridge* Eſq; was brought from Newgate to the Bar at the Old Bailey, to take his Trial for the Felony whereof he ſtands indicted; but Sir *William Thompſon* declared that he had conceived an Objection concerning his trying the Priſoner, which was, That whereas this was a Proſecution directed by the Hon. the Houſe of Commons whereof he was a Member, therefore he thought himſelf, in that Reſpect, not ſufficiently indifferent to try him: He was pleaſed to acquaint the Priſoner with this his Objection and Scruple, and withal acquainted him, that if notwithſtanding this Circumſtance, he, the Priſoner, would voluntarily conſent to his being tried by him, he would proceed upon the Trial with the utmoſt Juſtice and Impartiality, otherwiſe he would not; the Priſoner humbly inſiſted, that he would rather put himſelf upon his Trial before any of His Majeſty's Judges; and had the great Modeſty to ſay, *That he had already had Experience of the Juſtice and Clemency of the Honourable the Houſe of Commons*. His Majeſty's Attorney General, in Behalf of the Crown, thought the Matter of the ſaid Objection of not Weight enough to put off the Trial, and mentioned that there were frequent Inſtances where the Judges ſat upon Trials concerning Matters that had been depending in Parliament whilſt they had been Members there; and leſt the King's Evidence might be got out of the Way, deſired that the Trial might not be put off, eſpecially not to another Seſſions: The Objection however reſted in the Breaſt of the Recorder, who was pleaſed to declare, *Far be it from him to ſit in Judgment upon Life and Death upon a Man in whoſe Cauſe he had been any wiſe a Party as Proſecutor*. And by Conſent of the King's Counſel, Monday next was appointed for his Trial, when Baron Carter is expected in Town. Serjeant Cheſhire, the Attorney and Solicitor General, Mr. Leigh, and Mr. Holland, were of Counſel for the King; Serjeant Hawkins, Mr. Kettleby, Mr. Strange, and Mr. Griffith, for the Priſoner.

Monday, *July* 28. the Court of the Lord Mayor and Aldermen met at Juſtice-Hall in the Old Bailey, purſuant to their Adjournment, in order to proceed on the Trial of Mr. *Thomas Bambridge*, upon the Indictment againſt him for Felony; and the Priſoner was accordingly brought to the Bar to take his Trial; but the Judges being otherways engaged, and Sir William Thompſon, Recorder of London, being a Member of the Hon. Houſe of Commons, by whom the Proſecution was ſet on Foot, had the ſame Scruple upon himſelf, as above related; ſo that the Priſoner was thereupon remanded back to *Newgate*, and his Trial put off until the next Seſſions, which begins the 27th of *Auguſt*. *We hear that this Delay was a great Diſappointment to the honourable Gentlemen of the Committee of the Houſe of Commons, who attended the Court on this Occaſion.*

*Sept.* 6. Laſt Week at the Old Bailey, *Thomas Bambridge* was ordered for Bail, himſelf in 2000 *l.* and his two Sureties in 2000 *l.* but not having compleated his Bail on Satur-

day

day before the Court, he was ordered to do it before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor.

*This is the laſt Account that we have concerning this Affair, excepting that an Appeal is brought againſt* Bambridge *by the Widow of Mr.* Caſtel, *for the Murder of her Husband: And that Mr.* James Gambier *is appointed by His Majeſty to be Warden of the* Fleet, *with a Salary of* 300 l. per Annum. *The Day he came into Poſſeſſion of his Office, the Priſoners made great Rejoicings, and hanged* Bambridge *in Effigie.*

*New-York, Nov.* 30.

On the 26th, Capt. Stephens in a Scooner, arrived in Twenty-eight Days from Curacoa, and brings certain Advice of Capt Garret's being caſt away coming hither from Jamaica laſt Summer, who is one of the three then miſſing. The other two were Capt. *Geddes* and Capt. *Hume*, who we ſuppoſe periſhed in the ſame Storm, coming thro' the Windward Paſſage: Garret ſtruck upon Long Iſland, and only a Man and a Boy were ſaved, who were got to Curacoa. Geddes was ſeen by them ſix Hours before they ſtruck.

A Sloop is alſo arrived here from Curacoa; Cockram who went out with her was not arrived, and is feared to be loſt, they meeting with a Storm.

A Ship is alſo arrived here from Jamaica, with Advice that the Spaniſh Packet Boat bound to New Spain, which was brought in thither by his Majeſty's Ship Experiment, had thirty Boxes of Letters on Board for the ſeveral Governors; and on the Captain's making Oath that it was Peace between Spain and Great Britain, he was diſcharged without opening any of his Letters, he declaring that he believed they contained Orders ſignifying the Peace, &c.

*Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.*

Ichabod Louttit from Newfoundland, W. Beekman, and T. Barnes from Boſton, A. Schermerhorn from Rh. Iſland, J. Stephens from Curacoa, R. Daviſon from Jamaica, L. Thibou from Hiſpaniola, M. Hickinbotham from N. Providence.

*Entred outward*, J. Smith for Barbadoes, R. Robinſon for Rhode Iſland.

*Cleared out*, J. Power to Rhode Iſland, S. Bourdet, jun. to Briſtol, G. White to South Carolina, T. Vanpelt to North Carolina, J. Thomas to Antigua, J. Smith to Curacoa.

*Perth-Amboy, Nov.* 26. Laſt Saturday our Ferry-Boat coming over from the other Side with 7 Men and 7 Horſes, a Guſt of Wind aroſe and overſet the Boat, by Means whereof 2 Men and 2 Horſes were drowned: The reſt were ſaved.

*Burlington County, Nov.* 30. On the 15th Inſtant, at Night, one *John Antrum* was watching for Veniſon in his Cornfield, and a Horſe happening to come into the Field, he took him for a Deer, and ſhot him dead; it is ſaid he muſt pay for the ſame. *Query*, Whether he ought to pay for the ſame, ſince it was by Miſtake, and the Horſe a Treſpaſſer.

*Philadelphia, December* 9.

The Report that the Scooner John, Capt. Wright, bound from this Place to Boſton, laden with Wheat, was overſet in our Bay, proves a Miſtake; The laſt Poſt bringing Advice, that that Veſſel is ſafely arrived in Boſton.

*Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.*

Brigt. Mary-Anne, Michael Hearſon, from Antigua.
Ship Joſeph, Samuel Waterhouſe, Ditto.

*Entred Outwards.*

Ship William, James Oſwald, for Madera.
—— Watts William Wallace, for Barbadoes.

*Cleared Out.*

Ship William and Martha, Wm. Heaves, to Falmouth.
Brigt Pennſwood, Thomas Braly, to Barbadoes.

N. B. *While the Poſt to* New-York *continues his Fortnight Stages, which he has now begun, we ſhall publiſh a whole Sheet once a Week as uſual, and not a Half Sheet twice a Week, as we have lately done.* The Paper will now come out on Tueſdays.

# Advertiſements.

*Juſt Imported,*

CHoice good *Red Clover Seed*: To be Sold by *George Claypoole* in *Philadelphia.*

ALL Perſons who are indebted to *Edward Horne* (who is lately removed to his Plantation about three Miles diſtant from this City) are deſired forthwith to pay their reſpective Debts to *William Rawle*, Merchant in *Philadelphia*, who is appointed to receive the ſame by

EDWARD HORNE.

TO be SOLD, by the aboveſaid *William Rawle*, White and Brown Oznaburghs, Cherryderries, Seerſuckers, Cuſtoes, Challoes, Callicoes of divers Sorts; Cinamon; ſundry Sorts of Cottons-and-Linens ſtrip'd and chequed; Silk and Linen Romalls, Tobine, Chucklaces, Berryllian and other *Eaſt-India* Goods for Womens Apparel; Muſlins of ſeveral Sorts; wide and narrow Garlix, Copperas, Powder-blue, Coffee, Chocolate, Caſes of Bottles; Duffells, Druggetts, Fuſtain, Cloth Serge, Mohair Buttons ſorted; ſundry Sorts of Stationary Ware, as Bibles, Teſtaments, Spelling and Arithmetick Books; Ink-Powder, Sealing-Wax, Printing-Paper large and ſmall; Corke Soals, and ſundry other Goods.

*OWEN OWEN* gives this publick Notice to all his good Friends and Acquaintance, &c. that he is now return'd to his former Houſe, the *Indian King* in *Market-Street*, where he hopes they will find ſatisfactory Entertainment, and good Accommodations both for Man and Horſe.

To be SOLD by *CHARLES READ*,

THree Hundred Acres of excellently good Land, well Timber'd and Watered, lying in *Bucks*-County, about Two Miles from the Court-Houſe, and in the Neighbourhood of ſeveral Mills.

Seventy-ſix Acres of Land, within ſix Miles of *Philadelphia*, bounding on *Cobb's* Creek, with the Privilege of joining a Dam, and overflowing the Lands on the other Side of the Creek, which is a conſtant, and one of the beſt Streams in *Penſilvania* for a Mill.

A Parcel of good Sadlers-Ware very cheap.

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A Short DISCOURSE, Proving that the *Jewiſh* or *Seventh-Day Sabbath* is Abrogated and Repealed. By *John Meredith.* Printed and Sold by the Printers hereof: *Price Six-Pence.*

*Juſt Publiſhed,*

THE SPIRIT's TEACHING Man's Sure Guide: Briefly aſſerted, and recommended to the ſober Peruſal of all Chriſtian Believers. By *Charles Woolverton*, Sen. The SECOND EDITION, corrected and amended by the Author, with large Additions. *Printed for the Author, and Sold by the Printers hereof.*

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